

19 日本国特許庁(JP) 10 特許出願公開

⑤Int. Cl. ⁴

識別記号

庁内整理番号

平成1年(1989)11月8日

H 04 N G 06 F

8839-5C -7313-5B

注10億年一級《茶戲報》

医数节一切一种感染的 全形四四瓦 经存在分词 - 八面装行的超级 けんぱめんわ ちゃくぐ

会発明の名称

画像フアイリング装置

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1. 発明の名称

画像ファイリング装置

2. 特許請求の範囲

読取った画像情報を記憶手段により記憶すると ともに、対応する検索用キーワードを付して該画 像情報を登録し、検索用キーワードに基づき目的 の画像情報を検索して表示装置に表示するととも に、印刷手段により該画色情報をハードコピー化 できるようにした画像ファイリング装置において、

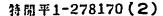
検索表示回数を登録画像情報毎に精質する第1 計数手段と、検索表示後の印刷回数を登録画像情 報毎に積算する第2計数手段を備之、前記第1. 第2計数手段によりそれぞれ積算された回数が予 め定めた条件に合致する場合には、その旨を前記 表示装置に表示させる表示制御手段を設けたこと を特徴とする画像ファイリング装置。

3.発明の詳細な説明:

「産業上の利用分野」

本発明は、画像ファイリング装置に関するもの で、登録された画像情報に対して検索表示回数及 び検索表示後の印刷回致を、それぞれ殺算して両 者の預算値の関係が予め定めた条件に合致する場 合には、その旨を表示するようにしたものである。 「従来の技術及び発明が解決しようとする課題」

画像ファイリング装置へ、画像情報を登録する 場合には、その登録画像情報いわゆるファイルの 管理体系を確立した状態でなされるのが望ましい。 しかしながら現実には、とりあえずファイリング を進め、ある期間経過後又はある程度の分量がフ ァイルされた後に、分類窓理を行うことが多い。 ファイルの登録後から分類整理までの期間の試行 的返用状態を管理して、例えば検索表示回数と検 索表示後の印刷回数をそれぞれ程算し、両者の関 係から当該画像情報の重要度に保存廃棄の選別。 キーワード遊ぶ不選等の画像ファイリング装置の 管理返用のための重要な情報が得られる。また前 記管理を統行することによって沙逐次提供される



情報に基づき、ファイル管理の更新等を行い面像 ファイリング装置の効率的運用を図ることが期待 される。

本発明は、前記した点に着目してなされたもので、登録された画像情報に対して検索表示回数及び検索表示後の印刷回数を、それぞれ積算して面積の積算値の関係が予め定めた条件に合致する場合には、その旨を表示するようにした画像ファイリング装置を提供することを目的とするものである。

「課題を解決するための手段」

前記目的を達成するための具体的手段は、読取った動像情報を記憶手段により記憶するとのである。 対応する検索用キーワードに基づるとのでは、 登録を検索用キーワードに基づるとのでは、 で表示装置に表示するとといて、 が変して表示装置に表示するとといて、 が変して表示という。 手段により該画像情報をいる。 手段にした画像ファイリング装置する。 で、検索表示後の印刷回数を登録画像情報毎に積

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「実施例」

本発明の実施例を添付図面に基づいて説明する。 第1図は、電子ファイリングシステムの概略システム構成図であって、コントローラ1と、CRTディスプレイ装置2とを面像パスにより、画像で取装置であるイメージリーダ3、光ディスクデッキ4、ハードディスク装置5及びプリンター6との像パスとコマンドパスによりそれを設し、さらにイメージリーダ3用の自動原稿機送装置7とキーボード8をコマンドパスにより接続する。

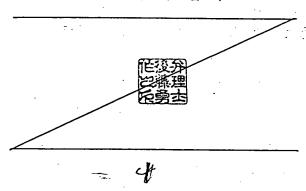
第2図は上記システムの内部プロック図であって、システムバスにより、CPU10とROM11.RAM12.ハードディスクインターフェース(以下インターフェースをI/Fと云う)13.光ディスクI/F14.及びキーボードI/F15を接続するとともに、表示プロック16.画像メモリ17、圧縮・伸張プロック16.画像メモリ17及び圧縮三伸張プロック18は、画像バスに

算する第2計数手段を備え、前記第1.第2計数 手段によりそれぞれ積算された回数が予め定めた 条件に合致する場合には、その旨を前記表示装置 に表示させる表示制御手段を設けたことを特徴と するものである。

「作用」

本発明は、前記具体的手段の説明で明らかにしたように、登録画像情報毎に第1。第2計数手段によりそれぞれ検索表示回数、印刷回数を積算し、その各積算回数が予め定めた条件に合致する場合には、その旨を表示装置に表示してオペレータに提示する。

(以下余白)



よりスキャナI/F19とアリンタI/F20と を接続する。前記CPU10は、ROM11に格 納されたプログラムに従ってシステム全体の管理。 制御を行う。その他画像情報の原稿上に指定され た領域の抽出、文字認識等も行う。ハードディス クI/F13は、ハードディスクに記憶する画像 情報の管理情報や入力されたキーワード等を転送 する。光ディスクI/F14は、画像情報の登録 時には圧縮・伸張ブロック18で符号化された面 像情報を光ディスクに対して送り、画像情報の表 示時には光ディスクから送られてくる符号化され た画像情報を、前記圧縮・仲張プロック18に転 送する。キーポード I / F 1 5 は、キーポード 8 から入力される各種情報をCPU10に対して送 る。さらに表示ブロック16では、表示用メモリ を備え、画像メモリ17から圧縮・伸張プロック 18を介して転送された画像情報や、CPU10 が直接要込んだ情報等をCRTディスプレイ装置 2に表示する。また画像メモリ17は、少なくと も1面の画像情報を記憶するメモリであって、ス





パスを介して画像メモリ17に伝送する。その他、

スキャナI/Fは、スキャナから送られる画像佾

報又は前記指定領域内の画像情報を、画像メモリ

17に転送し、プリンタI/F20は、面色メモ

リ17或いは表示ブロック16の表示メモリに萎

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キャナー/F19から転送される面像情報を蓄え るとともに、蓄えた画像データをプリンタ1/F 20、或いは圧縮・仲張プロック18に転送し、 さらに圧縮・伸張プロック18で伸張されて伝送 される画像データを蓄える。その他にイメージリ ーダ3のスキャンによって読取られる指定領域内 の画像佾報を蓄える。また画像メモリ17に蓄え られる画像俯報は、CPU10の指令により直接 リードライトされたり、前記ハードディスクI/ F 1 3 . 光ディスク I / F 1 4 . 圧縮・伸張プロ ック18との間で画像情報の転送を行う。画像メ モリ17は、前記ブロック図に示すように画像バ ス及びシステムパスのどちらからでもアクセスが 可能である。圧縮・伸張プロック18は、画像情 報を符号化する圧縮部と符号化された画像情報を 元の画像情報に戻す仲張部とから構成され、画像 メモリ17から画像パスを介して送られる画像情 報を符号化して光ディスクI/F14に伝送し、 光ディスクI/F14からシステムバスを介して 送られてくる符号化した画像情報を復号し、画像

第3図(a)は、本実施例のメインルーチンを示すフローチャートである。また同図(b)は本ルーチン開始時の画面表示である。

(ステップS11、以下ステップを略す)では、 電源投入後各種動作に必要な条件の初期設定を行い、続いて(S12)でキーボード8から入力され るコマンドの種類により、登録作業ルーチン(S 13)、検索作業ルーチン(S14)、又はユーテ

ィリティ作菜ルーチン(S 1 5)をコールする。 第4図は、登録作菜ルーチンを示すフローチャ ートである。

まず、(S21)では、画像入力処理ルーチンが 実行される。

次に(S22)では、読取った記憶した画像情報を後に検索するためのキーワードを付加するキーワード登録入力処理ルーチンが実行される。

(S 2 3)の画像者込処理ルーチンでは、銃取装置で銃取り、画像メモリ17に蓄えられた画像桁報を、符号化して光ディスクに番込む処理が実行される。

続く(S24)では、キーワード及び管理情報舎込処理ルーチンが実行され、入力されたキーワード及び画像の管理情報(光ディスク上の記憶位置、記憶容量等)をハードディスクに登込む。

第5図(a)は、前記画像入力処理ルーチンを示すフローチャート、同図(b)は本処理ルーチン開始時のCRTディスプレイ装置2の画面表示である。

この画像入力処理ルーチンは、第5図(b)に示すCRTディスプレイ装置2上の各メッセージを見てキーボード入力されるオペレータの指示(S31)により、逐次実行されるものである。





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モードを変更しない場合(S32でNO)は、(S 34)で読取り開始かどうかを調べ、(S31)で 入力された内容が読取り開始の指示でなければ、 他のパラメータ処理(S35)を行う。他のパラメ ータ処理としては、同図(b)に示される説取りサ イズ、露光レベル、中間調の有無、倍率等の決定 等を行う。オペレータから説取り開始の指示がキ ーポードから入力される(S34でYES)と、イ メージリーダ3のスキャナのスキャン動作により 原稿ガラス台上の原稿画像を、光電変換案子上に 結像させデジタル信号化して画像情報として画像 メモリ17に蓄える。主走査方向には光電変換器 子の電気的走査により、副走査方向にはスキャナ の移動により走弦する(S36)。 面倒メモリ17 に惹えられた説取画像情報は、CRTディスプレ イ装置の解像度によっては所定の紡率により間引 いて、或は間引かずそのまま表示部16の表示用 メモリへ転送して、CRTディスプレイ装置2の、 酉面に表示し(S37)、本ルーチンを終了する。 画像情報を問引くのは、画像情報読取装置3とC

R T ディスプレイ装置 2 の解像度の違いから全体 画像を表示するためである。

第6図(a)は、キーワード登録入力処理ルーチンを示すフローチャート、同図(b)は本処理ルーチン開始時のCRTディスプレイ装置2の画面表示である。

まず、(S41)では、読取る画像情報の中で特徴的な部分の画像情報を、領域指定により抽出して該画像情報とは別個に検索補助情報(以下画像キーワードと云う)として登録するか否かのフラグを「O」にリセットし、続いて(S42)で画像情報保存するがである。以下で登録された画像情報保存フラグを「O」にリセットと表された画像情報保存フラグを「O」にリセットオペレータの指示入力により行われる(S43)。前記画像キーワードとしては、登録するの絵情報を持つるが、簡単な記号等の文字情報であってもよい。

(S44)では、キーワード入力作業終了か否か

を同い、終了であれば本処理ルーチンを終了で入力された(S 4 5)に並んで(S 4 3)で入力された内容が、画像キーワード登録か否かを判定し、N O であれば(S 4 6)で更に画像常のを見れば、保存しなければ、(S 4 3)のキーなかを問い、保存しなければ(S 4 3)のキーが最大力に戻る。保存する場合がを明確をよった。は(S 4 3)のキーボードで表入力に戻る。保存する場合がを発音が表する。オペレータレベルとは、画像情報の保存ののであって、オペレータレベルをは、監整をいうものであって、オペレータレベルが変によりであると(S 4 8 で Y E S)、後週であると判定されると(S 4 8 で Y E S)、後週であるとのサブルーチンをコール(S 4 9)して、保存処理を行い前記(S 4 3)へ戻る。

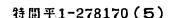
第7図(a)は、前記保存処理ルーチン(S49)を示すフローチャート、同図(b)は保存期間を入力した場合のCRTディスプレイ装置2の表示画面である。

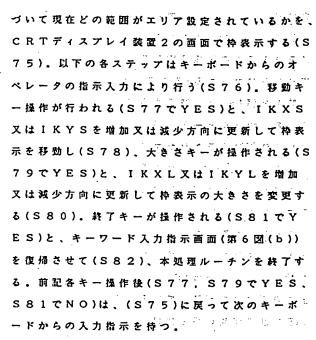
保存処理ルーチンは、(S 6 1)で画像情報保存 フラグを「1」にセットし、オペレータから保存期 間を入力(S 6 2)して本ルーチンを終了する。

第8図(a)は、前記画像キーワードエリア設定処理ルーチンを示すフローチャート、同図(b)は登録エリア設定を促すCRTディスプレイ装置2の表示画面である。

(S71)では、CRTディスプレイ装置2の画面から現在表示されているキーワード入力指示画面を退避させ、画像メモリ17から表示用メモリへ転送された登録すべき読取り画像情報を表示する(S72)。続いて(S73)で、画像キーワードのエリア設定の開始座倒IKXS、IKYSを「O」にセットし、(S74)では画像キーワードの長さ情報IKXL、IKYLを初期設定する。前記IKXS、IKYLに基

前記(S 4 5)の画像キーワード登録を行う場合は、(S 5 0)へ進み画像キーワード登録フラグを「1」にセットし、後述する画像キーワードエリア設定処理のサブルーチンをコール(S 5 1)し、エーリア設定を行い(S 4 3)のキーボード入力へ戻る。





第9 図は、画像書込処理ルーチンを示すフロー チャートである。

(S 9 1)で、画像メモリ17に蓄えられた画像 情報を圧縮・伸張ブロック18に転送して符号化 を行い、光ディスクへの書込開始アドレスを算出

情報を、通常解像度モードであれば(S103でNO)そのまま、高解像度モードであれば(S103でYES)、前記画像情報を聞引いて光ディスクへ転送して画案密度を一定にして容込み画像キーワードとする(それぞれS104、S105)。

光ディスクへの画像キーワードの番き込みは、 画像情報とは別個の位置、即ち、別の頁、あるい は別ファイル位置に行われる。また、画像キーワードはデータ圧縮を行わずに光ディスクへ記憶さ れる。これは、画像キーワードの表示エリア自体 が小さく、メモリ量がそれ程大きくならない であり、これによって、表示の際に伸張する必要 がなくなり短時間で処理可能となる。

前記通常解像度モードの場合であっても、画像 情報を同引いて転送して画素密度を落とすことも できる。

続いて、光ディスクに書込まれた画像キーワードの書込み最終アドレスを、画像キーワードの管理情報とするため取出す(S106)。続く(S107)で、表示印刷カウント値をクリアして(S1

する(S92)。即ち最終登録済画像情報の終了アドレスの次に書込アドレスをセットする。絞いて前記圧縮・伸張プロック18により符号化され圧縮された画像情報を、前記書込アドレス順に光ディスクへ伝送して書込み(S93)、絞いて(S94)で、書込まれた画像情報の最終アドレスを管理情報としてハードディスクに苦えるため取出す。以上により本処理ルーチンを終了する。

第10図は、キーワード及び管理情報書込処型 ルーチンを示すフローチャートである。

08)でハードディスクへ管理情報を登込むため の客込開始アドレスを算出し、(S109)に進み ハードディスクへ管理情報を転送する。

前記管理情報としては、画像キーワード登録フラグ、画像キーワードの開始及び終了トラック、画像キーワードのX及びY長さ、画像開始及び終了トラック、画案密度、その他保存期間、登録日時、キーワード等第11図に示されたものがある。

第12図(a)は、電子ファイリングシステムの 検索作業ルーチンを示すフローチャート、第12 図(b)は本ルーチン開始時のCRTディスプレイ 装置2の画面表示である。

(S111)で、オペレータが検索用のキーワードを、キーボード8により入力する。続いて(S112)で検索終了の指示の有無を判断し、指示が有ればこの検索作業ルーチンを終了し、無ければ(S113)へ進み入力された検索用のキーワードに基づき、ハードディスクに蓄えられている管理情報デーブル(第11図参照)を読み出して検索を行い、検索の結果該当する文容が見つからない





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場合(S1-14でNO)は、キーワード入力へ戻り、 該当文書が検索された場合(S114でYES)は、 後述する該当文書リスト表示処理のサブルーチン をコールし(S115)、その文書リストをCRT ディスプレイ装置2に表示する。オペレータは、 その文容リストの中から光ディスクから読み出す 文書を選択し(S1116)、続いて検索終了かどう かを判定し検索作業を継続する場合(S117で NO)は、前記キーワード入力(S111)へ戻り、 検索終了の場合(S117でYES)は、光ディス クから管理情報に基づき該当画像情報を読み出し、 圧縮・仲張ブロック18で復号し面像メモリ17 へ転送し(S118)、CRTディスプレイ装置 2 に表示する(S119)(第12図(c))。(S12 0)では、表示した文書(画像情報)に対してカウ ント処理し、カウント後管理情報としてハードデ ィスクへ喜込む。表示された画像情報を印刷して ハードコピー化したい場合は、キーボードからの 入力(S121)が印刷指示であるかどうか(S1 2.2)で判定され、印刷である場合には、当該文

は、前記(S 1 3 2)へ戻り、セットされている場合は、管理情報に基づき光ディスクから画像キーワードの画像情報を読出し、表示用メモリへ転送して表示する(S 1 3 6)(第 1 3 図(b))。 続いて(S 1 3 7)では、1件分の表示がなされたので、次の表示に備えて表示アドレスを更新し(S 1 3 2)へ戻る。

第14図は、ユーティリティ作業ルーチンを示すフローチャートである。

本作業は、オペレータのキーボード入力による 指示により(S 1 4 1)、それぞれ更新処理ルーチン(S 1 4 2)。一括更新処理ルーチン(S 1 4 3)。 その他の処理ルーチン(S 1 4 4)が実行される。

第15図(a)は、前記更新処理ルーチンを示すフローチャート、同図(b)は本処理ルーチンに於けるCRTディスプレイ装置2の画面表示の一例を示すものである。

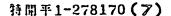
(S151)で、記憶登録した画像情報であるファイルの管理情報をハードディスクから取出し、 続いて(S152)でファイルの終了が判定される 書に対してカウント処理し、カウント後管理情報としてハードディスクへ書込み(S 1 2 3)、画像メモリ17上の画像情報をプリンタ6に転送して、アリントアウトする(S 1 2 4)。

第13図(a)は、該当文書リスト表示処理ルーチンのフローチャート、同図(b)はCRTディスプレイ装置に表示された文書リスト表示例である。

まず、(S131)でCRTディスプレイ装置2の表示画面上での表示位置を決定するための、表示画面上での表示位置を決定するための、表示アドレスを算出する。続く(S132)で検索文書表示終了か否かを判定し、終了していれば本ルーチンを終了し、検索されて表示していない文書が残っている場合には、表示エリアが残っているか否かを判定する。表示エリアが残っている場合には、検索該当文書のキーワードを表示し(S134)、続く(S135)で画像キーワード登録フラグが「1」にセットされていない場合(S135でNO)

と表示をしないで(S160)のキーボード入力処 理へ進む。ファイルの終了でない場合は、(S1 53)でファイルのキーワードを表示し、保存フ ラグが「1」にセットされているか否かを判定し(S 154)、保存指定がなされている場合は、登録。 後保存日時経過したか否かを判定する(S155)。 前記(S154)で保存フラグが「1」にセットされ ていない場合は、登録後所定日時経過したか否か を判定する(S156)。前記(S155)及び(S 156)の各ステップで、いずれも日時経過と判 定された場合は、それぞれ登録からの期間及び日 時経過表示をCRTディスプレイ装置2の画面に 表示する(S157)。保存又は所定の日時が経過 していない場合は、(S158)へ進み表示と印刷 の回及が適切か否かを判定する。例えば、管理情 報としてハードディスク に 書込まれた表示カウン ト値と印刷カウント値を比較し、

表示カウント値>印刷カウント値×2 であれば、検索されてCRTディスプレイ装置2 の画面に表示された文書が目的の文書でなかった



場合が多いため、印刷された回数が表示回数より も 極端に少ないことを示し、検索のためのキーワ ードが不適切であると判定し、その旨を表示する (S159)。

続く(S160)以下の各ステップは、キーボード入力によるオペレータの指示によりなされる。
(S161)で本ルーチンを終了するか否かを、
(S162)で次文書について本ルーチンの更新処理を行うか否かを、(S163)では削除処理を行うか否かを、(S164)ではキーワードを変更するか否かを、それぞれオペレータに問い該当の処理を促す。次文書について更新処理を行う場合は、(S151)へ戻り、削除処理を行う場合には(S165)へよれぞれ進み、処理後は(S160)へ戻る。

第16図は、一括更新処理ルーチンを示すフローチャートである。

(S 1 7 1)では、ファイルの管理情報をハードディスクより取出し、続いて(S 1 7 2)でファイ

「発明の効果」

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特に、検索用のキーワードが適切であれば、検索表示回数と印刷回数にそれほどの差はないはずであるから、両者の回数を比較することにより前記キーワードの適、不適を直接的に判断でき、適切なキーワードに変更することにより検索効率を高めることができる等の効果がある。

ルの終了が判定されると本ルーチンを終了し、終了でない場合は(S 1 7 3)で保存フラグが「1」にセットされているか否かを判定し、セットされていれば登録後保存日時経過したか否かを、セットされていなければ登録後所定日時経過したか否かをそれぞれ(S 1 7 4)。(S 1 7 5)で判定し、経過している場合には削除処理(S 1 7 6)を行う。

削除処理は、登録後の日時が所定以上経過したファイルについて削除を行うものであるが、光ディスクは登込みオンリであるため、ハードディスクに登込んだ当該ファイルの管理情報を消去してアクセス不能にすることにより行うが、削除するか否かの選択手段を設けたり、或いは所定期間経過したものは自動的に削除処理できるようにして、文書廃棄作業の効率化を図ることもできる。

なお、前記実施例では、画像データをデータ圧 縮することなくそのまま画像キーワードとして光 ディスクメモリへ記憶させているが、画像キーワ ードは圧縮・仲張して処理してもよい。

4. 図面の簡単な説明

添付図面は、本発明の実施例を例示し第1図は 電子ファイリングシステムの原格システム図、第 2 図は同内部プロック図、第3 図(a)はメインル ーチンの、第4図は登録作業ルーチンの、第5図 (a)は西仭入力処理ルーチンの、第6図(a)はキ ーワード登録入力処理ルーチンの、第7図(a)は 保存処理ルーチンの、第8図(a)は画像キーワー ドエリア設定処理ルーチンの、第9図は画像群込 処理ルーチンの、第10回はキーワード及び管理 **竹祝雲込処理ルーチンのフローチャートをそれぞ** れ示し、第11図は管理情報を例示した説明図、 第12図(a)は検索作業ルーチンの、第13図 (a)は該当文書リスト表示処理ルーチンの、第 14図はユーティリティ作業ルーチンの、第15. 図(a)は更新処理ルーチンの、第16図は一括更 新処理ルーチンのフローチャートをそれぞれ示す。 また、第3図(b), 第5図(b), 第6図(b), 第 7図(b). 第8図(b). 第12図(b). 同図(c). 第13図(b), 第15図(b)はそれぞれ該当ルー

特開平1-278170(8)

チン実行時のCRTディスプレイ装置2の画面表示を例示した説明図である。

· 性數學數

特許出願人 ミノルタカメラ株式会社 代理 人 弁理士 後 顧 勇 作 どむ

システムバス

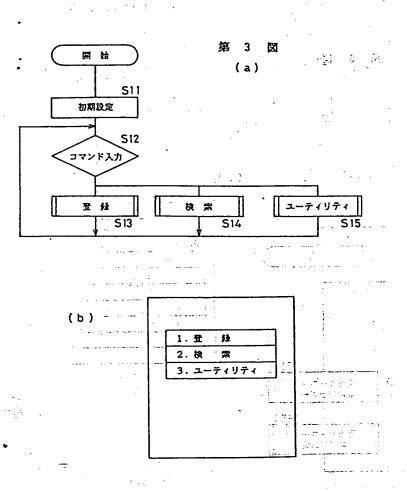
 $\mathcal{G}_{k} \to 1$

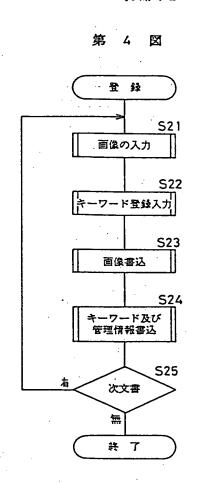
第 1 図

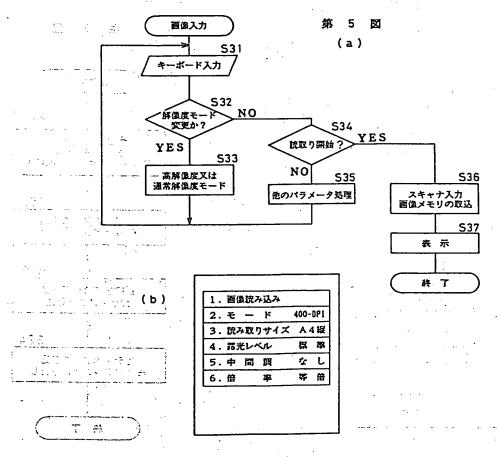
新港市 经定

<u>1</u>
<u>2</u>
<u>3</u>
<u>4</u>
<u>3</u>

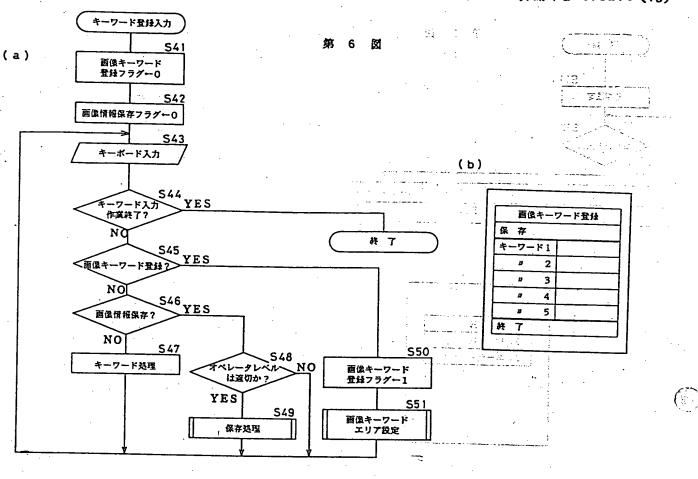
第13次(6), 第13限(6)以下11分

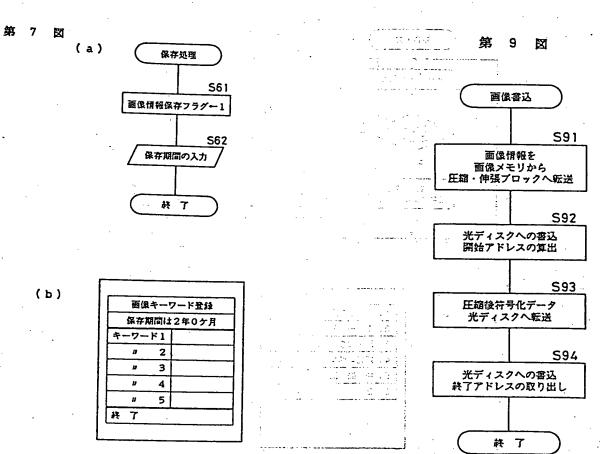


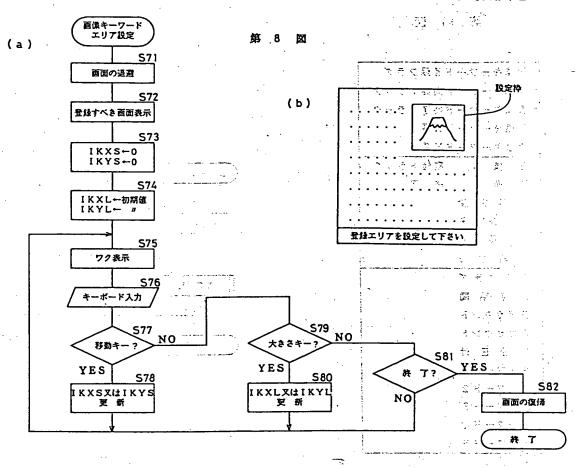


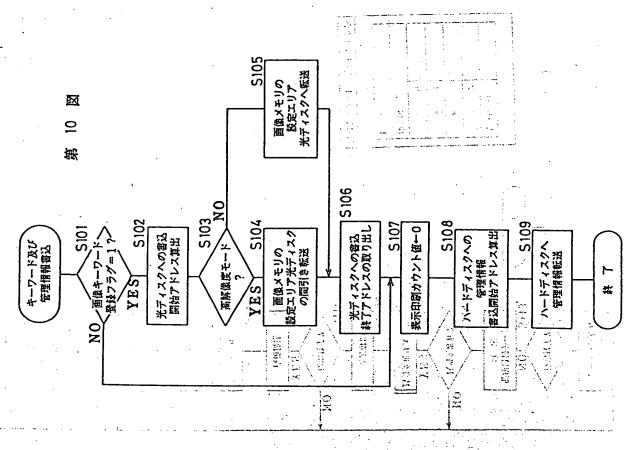


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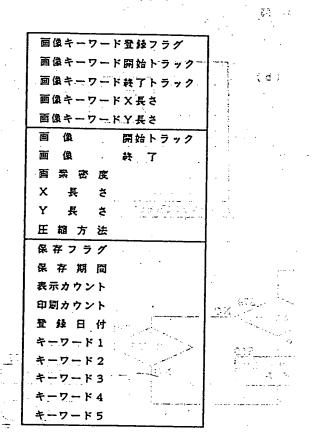




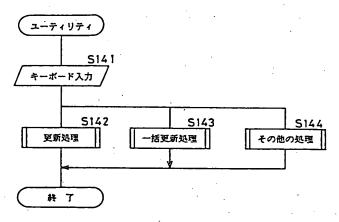


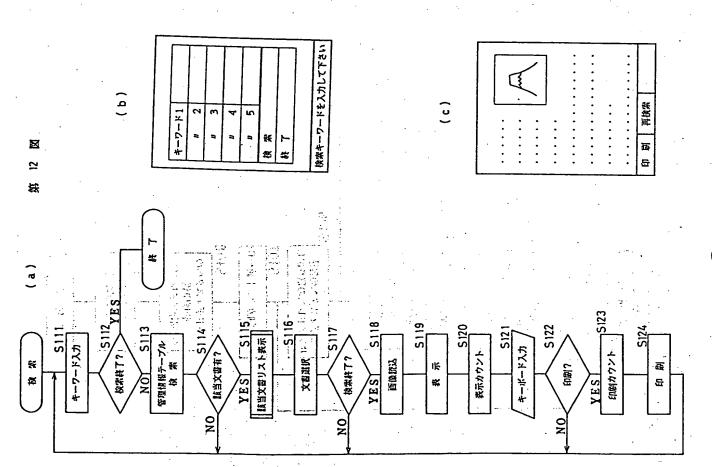


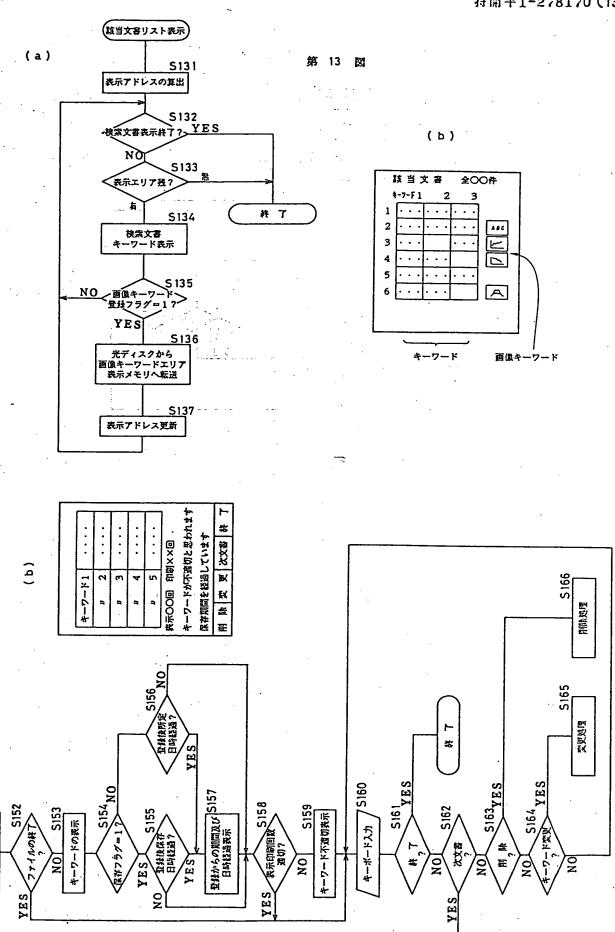
第 11 図



第 14 区



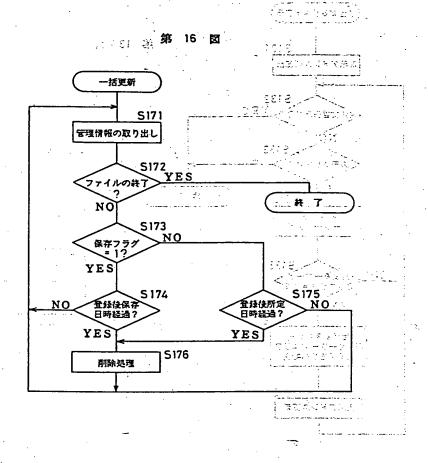




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を理信組の取り出し

更新処理



identification data is on display. In accordance with the third outstanding aspect of the present invention as above described, the auxiliary document identification data is reduced in the amount of data but is not processed for compression of data which would otherwise require an unnecessarily large amount of time.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

(<u>)</u>

The features and advantages of an image filing system according to the present invention will be more clearly appreciated from the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which:

Fig. 1 is a diagram showing a representative example of the hardware architecture of an image filing system to which the present invention generally appertains;

Fig. 2 is a block diagram schematically showing the general internal block configuration of the controller incorporated in the image filing system illustrated in Fig.

Fig. 3 is a ff showing a main routine program to be executed by the central processing unit which forms part of the controller illustrated in Fig. 2;

Fig. 4 is a plan view showing a menu of selectable items which are to be displayed on the screen of the display unit of the system at the start of the main routine program illustrated in Fig. 4;

Fig. 5 is a view showing the details of a data storage

subroutine program included in the main routine program illustrated in Fig. 3;

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Fig. 6 is a flowchart showing the details of an image data input control subroutine program included in the image data storage routine program illustrated in Fig. 5;

Fig. 7 is a plan view showing a menu of selectable items which are to be on display during execution of the image data input control subroutine program illustrated in Fig. 6;

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Figs. 8A and 8B are flowcharts showing the details of a keyword input control subroutine program also included in the image data storage routine program illustrated in Fig. 5;

Figs. 8C and 8D are flowcharts showing an alternative example of the keyword input control subroutine program illustrated in Figs. 8A and 8B;

Fig. 9 is a plan view showing a menu of selectable items which are to be on display at the start of the keyword input control subroutine program illustrated in Figs. 8A and 8B;

Fig. 10 is a flowchart showing details of an image data saving period data storage subroutine program included in the keyword input control subroutine program illustrated in Figs. 8A and 8B;

Fig. 11 is a plan view showing a menu of selectable items which are to be on display at the start of the image data saving period data storage subroutine program illustrated in Fig. 10;

Figs. 12A and 12B are flowcharts showing details of an

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image keyword area defining subroutine program included in the keyword input control subroutine program illustrated in Figs. 8A and 8B;

Fig. 13 is a plan view showing a frame of image which may be on display at the start of the image keyword area defining subroutine program illustrated in Figs. 12A and 12B;

Fig. 14 is a flowchart showing the details of an image data write control subroutine program also included in the image data storage routine program illustrated in Fig. 5;

Fig. 15 is a flowchart showing the details of a keyword/control data write control subroutine program further included in the image data storage routine program illustrated in Fig. 5;

Figs. 16A and 16B are flowcharts showing the details of a data search subroutine program also included in the main routine program illustrated in Fig. 3;

Fig. 17A is a plan view showing a menu of selectable items which are to be displayed on the screen of the display unit of the system at the start of the data search subroutine program illustrated in Figs. 16A and 16B;

Fig. 17B is a plan view showing a frame of image which may be on display during execution of the data search subroutine program illustrated in Figs. 16A and 16B;

Fig. 18 is a flowchart showing the details of a document list display subroutine program included in the data search subroutine program illustrated in Figs. 16A and 16B;

Fig. 19 is plan view showing a frame of image indicating the main keywords and auxiliary or image keywords associated with the documents listed on the display unit of the system during execution of the document list display subroutine program illustrated in Fig. 18;

Fig. 20 is a flowchart showing the details of a utility subroutine program further included in the main routine program illustrated in Fig. 3;

Figs. 21A and 21B are flowcharts showing the details of a file renewal subroutine program included in the utility subroutine program illustrated in Fig. 20;

Fig. 22 is a plan view showing a menu of selectable items which are to be displayed on the display unit of the system at the start of the file renewal subroutine program illustrated in Figs. 21A and 21B; and

Fig. 23 is a flowchart showing the details of a batch renewal subroutine program also included in the utility subroutine program illustrated in Fig. 20.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Description will be hereinafter made with reference to the drawings in regard to a preferred embodiment of an image filing system according to the present invention.

Referring first to Fig. 1, an image filing system to which the present invention generally appertains includes a controller 20 connected to a display unit 22 through an image data bus 24. The display unit 22 is typically of the cathode

The controller 20 is further connected command bus 30, an optical disk deck 32 through an image data 42, a printer 44 through an image data bus 46 and a command bus 48. Further an automatic document through a command bus 52 and a keyboard 54 through provided in association with the image reader 26 and is a command bus 56 as shown. The automatic document feeder 50 used to feed a document to be optically scanned by the image reader 26 to generate image data representing the image borne 28 and disk drive unit on the document fed by the automatic document feeder 50. pus through an image data bus 40 and a command bus image data a hard are 26 through an 20 a command bus 36, controller ray tube (CRT) type. image reader the ဌ and feeder 50 connected bus 34 ç is

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Fig. 2 is schematically shown the general internal block configuration of the controller 20 which forms part of an image filing system. As shown, the controller 20 66 (HD I/F), an optical disk interface circuit 68 (OD I/F), and a keyboard The central processing unit further connected through the system bus to a display block 72, an image data memory block 74, and a data compres-72, image data further connected to an image reader interface circuit 78 comprises a central processing unit 60 connected through memory block 74, and data compression/extension block 76 memory 64 (RAM), a hard disk interface circuit 62 (ROM), a sion/extension block 76. These display block system bus to a read-only memory interface circuit 70 (KB I/F). such 60 is

and a printer interface circuit 80 through an image data bus.

is predominant over all phases and aspects operation to be governed by the central processing programs unit 60 include the operation to extract a particular characimage-bearing document and the docuperformed operation to recognize alphanumerical features on the the þ of ដ the control Such operation central processing unit 60 memory 62. of the under terizing image area of an stored in the read-only a whole aspects phases and g system ment.

and the data representing a main keyword which may be entered to the The For The transfer image data stored or to be stored in a hard disk (not shown) optical the optical disk interface circuit 68 transmits to the data compression/extension block from the keyboard keyboard interface circuit 70 is used to the central processthe system. the coded image data supplied from the optical disk. data. a designated destination the control data relating to an used to coded by the data image optical disk interface circuit 68 transmits The hard disk interface circuit 66 is through the keyboard 54 by the operator of sion/extension block 76 during storage of various pieces of data supplied displaying of the image stored, (not shown) the image data unit 60 disk ing ដ

The display block 72 is operative to display on the CRT display unit 22 the image represented by the image data

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The display block 72 has a storage memory incorporated therein and is the image data for storing at The the data operative to store the image data stored into the to store the image data display data storage memory directly from the central proimage data thus stored in the image data memory block 74 is printer interface circuit 80 or to The image data memory block 74 is further used to store the data extended by image transferred the image data representative of supplied through the image reader interface circuit 78. characterizing image area scanned by the through memory block 74 has a data storage capacity and the other hand, 74 76. data memory block the data compression/extension block 76 the data compression/extension block of data and is adapted 76. ő compression/extension block transferred either to the se. and image cessing unit 60 per block 74 data page the the memory ii further display least a reader image

fetched from the image data memory block 74 directly under the control of the central processing unit 60 and image data is exchanged between the interface be noted that the image data memory block 74 can be accessed either through the system bus or by way of the image data bus may Ħ 76. optical disk compression/extension block , 99 Data is stored into or circuit as will be seen from Fig. 2. hard disk interface circuit 68 and data

The data compression/extension block 76 is composed of a

from transferred to the optical disk interface circuit 68 after the data received is coded by the data compression section of the block 76. Furthermore, the coded image data received from the optical disk interface circuit 68 through the system β is decoded transmitted image through the data compression section adapted to code image data compression/extension block bus is transferred through the image data bus to coded received image data the image data memory block 74 and supplied extension section adapted to decode the data extension section of the block 76. memory block 74 after the data The data of original form. data the ф

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image reader interface circuit 78 is operative to senting an image on a document scanned by the image reader transfer to the image data memory block 74 the data repre-Furthermore, the printer interface circuit 80 is operafetched image informadisplay the printer 44 the image data the and output of the 占 72 block block 74 tion thus supplied to the printer 22. the display 44 to produce a printed image data memory tive to transfer to οĘ петогу the printer from

Description will be hereinafter made regarding the various modes of operation of the image filing system embody-ing the present invention.

Fig. 3 shows a main routine program to be executed by

the 4 is a menu of selectable controller 20 hereinbefore described with reference to Figs. the main the CRT oţ forms part be displayed on the screen of the system at the start of which 9 Further shown in Fig. unit the central processing of items which are to display unit 22 routine program. 5. 1 and

When the image filing system is initially switched in and energized, the central processing unit 60 executes step A01 to initialize various operating conditions and parameters system in accordance with preset default rules. When meters of the system is complete, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step A02 to check if there is a command input from the keyboard 54 demanding the central processing unit 60 paraö stored, the initialization of such operating conditions and data search for any execute any utility program. to store new image data, οţ

Depending on the nature of the command which may thus be supplied from the keyboard 22, the central processing unit 60 then proceeds to a data storage subroutine program A03, a data search subroutine program A04, or a utility subroutine program A05 as shown. When there is a command demanding the execution of any of these subroutine programs, the name of the particular subroutine program is shown highlighted on the display screen as shown in Fig. 4. Details of the data storage subroutine program A03, data search subroutine

program A04, and utility subroutine program A05 will be hereinafter described with reference to Figs. 5, Figs. 16A and 16B, and Fig. 20, respectively.

Fig. 5 shows the details of the data storage subroutine program A03 included in the main routine program hereinbefore described with reference to Fig. 3.

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The data storage subroutine program A03 starts with an image data input control subroutine program B01 through which thereupon, various parameters are selected for the display of in use is read and, Details this image data input control subroutine program B01 will to a keyword input for retrieving a particular document stored in and to be fetched from the image data memory block 74 is to be assigned to the particular document. Details of this keyword input control hereinafter described with a keyword the image on the screen of the CRT display unit 22. to Fig. through which be hereinafter described with reference central processing unit 60 then proceeds the image on the document currently subroutine program B02 will be control subroutine program B02 reference to Figs. 8A and 8B. The keyword input control subroutine program B02 is followed by an image data write control subroutine program B03 through which the image data generated by and supplied from the image reader 26 and stored in the image data memory 74 is to be coded by the data compression/extension block 76 and is then stored into the optical disk through the optical

control subroutine program BO3 will be hereinafter described Details of this image data write disk interface circuit 68. with reference to Fig. 14.

for Subsequently to the image data write control subroutine proceed to a the retrieval of a particular document and the control data predominant over the document are to be written into the hard disk through the hard disk interface circuit 66. The control data associated with a document may include data designating of this keyword/control data write control subroutine program B04 will be hereinafter and the share which the image data is to take through which a keyword entered through the keyboard 22 stored in subroutine program program B03, the central processing unit 60 may the location at which the image data is to be Details control described with reference to Fig. 15. data write the disk. capacity of keyword/control optical disk

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this The subroutine program B04 may be followed by decision additional document which the operator of the system desires the step BOS at which is questioned whether or not there is any processing unit 60 reverts to the initial subroutine program B01 and answer for the step B05 is given in the affirmative. When the the step B05 is thus given in the affirmative, the until If it is found at the step B05 that there is such a document, the central ğ may recycles the subroutine programs B01 to B04 central processing unit 60 terminates execution to have read by the image reader 26. answer for

the main ţ routine program hereinbefore described with reference ဌ storage subroutine program A03 and may revert

Fig 6. shows the details of the image data input control storage routine program A03 hereinbefore described with reference to This image data input control subroutine program B01 to any instruction entered 7, the menu operator referencing οĘ selectable items of the menu displayed on the screen image data As illustrated in Fig. herein assumed to include the following items: included in the the executed responsive the keyboard 54 by B01 CRT display unit 22. program þe subroutine through is to

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(1) Image Reading

100 dpi (2) Resolution Mode:

A4 (R) Readout Size: (3)

Standard (4) Exposure Level:

(5) Magnification/Reduction Ratio: 1/1

program starts with step CO1 at which the central processing unit is responsive to an operator's instruction which may be items on display. At this stage of operation, it is assumed per automatic document feeder 50 associated with the image reader in respect of each of or placed on the document table of the image reader 26 into that the document bearing the image information to be subroutine loaded system is either control image data input entered through the keyboard 22 the image filing the into 26

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- 21

Se. The document loaded into the automatic document feeder 50 is conveyed onto the document table of the image reader 26 in response to an operator's instruction demanding the start of the image reading operation.

<u>L</u>S the C02 It may thus be detected at this step CO2 that the the resolution mode previously selected has been changed to, for effected to the standensity step C03, whereupon the central processing unit 60 reverts to check for another instruction which may be supplied from the keyboard 22. When there is another instruction supplied from the keyboard 22, the central processing After the instruction received from the keyboard 22 ρχ see thus responded to as at step C01, it is checked at step selecting been changed this Ç printing the image mode is for a second time that printing density of 400 dpi (dots per inch) or resolution mode the in the image resolution of at step C02 to see if the image resolution mode has in respect dard-density resolution mode selecting C02 found the high-density there is another change made unit 60 proceeds to step it is mode to be used. such a change ΙĘ C01 of 200 dpi. operator. example, to step tion

If it is now found at step CO2 that there is no change made in respect of the image resolution mode, the step CO2 is followed by step CO4 to detect whether or not there is an operator's instruction demanding the image reader 26 to start reading of the document placed on the document table of the

image reader 26. If the answer for this step C04 is given in the negative, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step C05 to prepare for the establishment of conditions conforming to the parameters selected for the individual items on display.

for a second to check for another instruction the step CO2 to step CO3 to check if there is an operathis step another instruction supplied from the keyboard 22, the cenpossibly operator's given in the affirmative, then the central processing start proceeds to step C06 to activate the image reader 26 scan the document on the document table. A beam of light bearing the image information picked up from the document on an optoelectrical transducer which forms part of the image reader 26, which thus digitize image information to produce digital signals representing These signals are supplied image data through the image reader interface circuit 78 to the image data memory block 74 of the controller 20 of the As well known in the art, the image on ដ When processing unit 60 proceeds to step C02 and 56 answer for ц Thereupon, the central processing unit 60 cor's instruction demanding the image reader 22. there is such the keyboard instruction present and accordingly the image read from the document. ij the table is now directed to supplied from C01 document. to step image filing system. the reverts which may be reading of 9 tral time from

the document is in this instance scanned in horizontal or primary direction electrically by the optoelectric transducer and and in vertical or secondary direction by the reciprocating movement of the image scanner.

The image data thus stored into the image data memory data storage memory incorporated in the display block 72. A frame or page of image represented by the image data thus received from image data memory block 74 is at step CO7 displayed on the CRT display unit 22 with the dots forming each unit image area decimated, if necessary, in a ratio corresponding to the of thus the document on the CRT display unit 22 despite the difference between the unit 22. After execution of the step CO7, the central processing unit 60 terminates the execution of the image data resolutions available of the image reader 26 and the display hereinbefore block 74 of the controller 20 is supplied through the ţ ţ selected magnification/reduction ratio. The purpose revert forming each unit image area is the display possible to display the whole image area of A03 пау program input control subroutine program B01 and 76 to described with reference to Fig. 5. subroutine compression/extension block storage decimating the dots data image

Figs. 8A and 8B show the details of the keyword input control subroutine program B02 also included in the image data storage routine program A03 hereinbefore described with reference to Fig. 5. Further shown in Fig. 9 is a menu of

selectable items which are to be displayed on the screen of the CRT display unit 22 at the start of the keyword input control subroutine program B02.

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keyword input control subroutine program B02 herein step D01 at which an auxiliary keyword This auxiliary keyword registration flag "FKWR" is indicative of an whether or not an auxiliary keyword indicating a "characterimage ancillary document retrieval promiinformation picked up from a document and is used as ancillary document retrieval information in addition to the "main" ceyword information in the form of a sequence of alphanumebe herein-The auxiliary keyword registration flag "FKWR" reset to logic "0" state at step D01 thus indicates that the image keyword associated with the document currently in use is not to be registered. The image keyword herein used may be in the form of a drawing, a graph, a table or a portion of such a graphic Such registration flag "FKWR" is reset to logic "0" state. the the be registered. izing" image area of a document which represents information assigned to a particular document will of image keyword. feature or any alphanumrical or symbolic feature. is stored independently nent feature of the document is to after referred to as auxiliary or rical letters. This type of shown starts with auxiliary keyword

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Subsequently to step D01, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step D02 to reset an image data save flag "FDS" to logic "0" state. This image data save flag "FDS" is

indicative of whether or not the period of time for which the image data generated from the document currently in use is to be saved should be designated in respect of the particular image data. Thus, the image data save flag "FDS" reset to logic "0" state at step DO2 indicates that the period of time for which the image data generated from the document currently in use is to be saved need not to be designated.

The step D02 is followed by step D03 at which the central processing unit 60 is responsive to an instruction which may be received from the keyboard 22. The operator of the system may key in a keyword or two or more keywords for the document currently in use while referencing the menu displayed on the screen of the CRT display unit 22 as illustrated in Fig. 9.

After a keyword or a plurality of keywords received from the keyboard 22 are thus responded to by the central processinformation through the keyboard 54 is The information which may be entered through the keyboard 54 as queried at If it is found at step D04 that this 60 terminates the execution of this keyword input control subroutine program to the image data storage subroutine program A03 hereinbefore described with reference to Fig. 5. this step D04 may be, for example, the image keywords "l" ing unit 60 as at step D03, it is checked at step D04 to complete for the document currently in use. is the case, the central processing unit "5" as shown in Fig. 9. B02 and may revert any of entry

is found at step DO4 that entry of information through the keyboard 54 is still in progress and accordingly the answer for the step DO4 is given in the negative, it is д negative, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step is given in the saving of the image data to be read from the document period of time designated for currently in use. This decision is made on the basis of the the is a request for registering from to logic through D05 if the instruction received the answer for this step D05 of time is designated set image data save flag "FDS" which is to be to check if there is any D03 state when such a period keyboard 22 as at step image keyword. If checked at step Ļ. keyboard 54.

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If it is found at step D06 that there is no period of time designated for the saving of the image data, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step D07 to execute an ordinary procedure necessary for the registration of the keyword or keywords entered. On termination of such a procedure at step D07, the central processing unit 60 reverts to step D03 and may thus repeat the steps D03 to D07 if the answer for each of the steps D04 to D06 is given in the negative.

If it is found at step D05 that the instruction received from the keyboard 22 as at step D03 is a request for registering an image keyword, the central processing unit 60

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proceeds to step D08 to set the image keyword registration the central processing unit 60 executes an image keyword area to define an image keyword Subsequently to step D08, document currently in use as the defining described with for image keyword area area program D09 will be hereinafter characterizing image to logic "1" state. defining subroutine program D09 Details of this reference to Figs. 12A and 12B, the previously mentioned specific to subroutine

On the other hand if it is found at step D06 that there is a period of time designated for the saving of the image the The "operator level" herein referred to is indicative of the degree of the not the "operator level" is acceptable. the registration and saving of image information in the system under consideration and may be predetermined for the status and office which each of the possible users of the system has in such criteria for determining the operator level is the organization to which the user belongs. The data repreto step D10 document currently in use, the system when the system is initially booted up. for degree of the operator's capability and/or the code central processing unit 60 then proceeds operator's experiences or skills required contained in the operator's identification the data generated from confirm whether or senting

If it is found at step D10 that the operator level is not acceptable, the central processing unit 60 reverts to

the On the other hand, if it is found at the step D10 that the operator level is acceptable and accordingly the store into the hard disk representing the designated period of time for the Details of this saving period data storage subroutine program saving of the image data to be read from the document in use. After execution of the saving period data storage subroutine Dll will be hereinafter described with reference to Fig. 10. reverts affirmative, period 60 also saving the program D11, the central processing unit central processing unit 60 executes a is given in ţ storage subroutine program D11 for the step D10 step D03. step D03.

Figs. 8C and 8D are flowcharts showing an alternative example of the keyword input control subroutine programillustrated in Figs. 8A and 8B.

In the keyword input control subroutine program B02 herein shown, the step D04 is followed directly by step D06 when it is found at step D04 that entry of information through the keyboard 54 is still in progress and accordingly the answer for the step D04 is given in the negative. Thus, when the answer for the step D04 is given in the negative, it is immediately checked at step D06 if there is any period of time designated for the saving of the image data to be read from the document currently in use.

If it is found at step D04 that entry of information through the keyboard 54 is complete for the document

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currently in use, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to οĘ or not the main keyword which has already central processing unit 60 terminates the execution of A03 stored in the hard disk is identical with the answer for this step D13 is given in the negative, the may the form detected keyboard which is about to be loaded into the disk. B02 and program to check into the control data stored in ... N this keyword input control subroutine program subroutine ij hereinbefore described with reference to Fig. Thereafter, storage in the hard disk. data the image been entered and whether ۲ ۲ D13 step D12

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(5)

the image keyword registration flag "FKWR" to logic If the answer for this step D13 is given in the affirma-Subsequently to step D08, the central processing tive, the the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step D08 subroutine to the program When it is found at step D06 that there is a period of time designated for the saving of the image data generated from the document currently in use, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to ۲ç operator level with reference area specific subroutine 60 executes an image keyword area defining 8B. described with reference to Figs. 8A and also been described the in the an image keyword not as Ö confirm whether use .<u>ដ</u> D09 to define has currently acceptable, as Figs. 8A and 8B. ដ "1" state. D10 program to set

Fig. 10 shows the details of the image data saving

the Illustrated in hereinbefore screen of the CRT display unit 22 after the period of time during execution is a frame of image which may be displayed on the for which the image data to be read from the document curij included B02 described with reference to Figs. 8A and 8B. period data storage subroutine program D11 designated program subroutine rently in use is to be saved is subroutine program D11. control input Fig. 11 keyword the

image data saving period data storage subroutine program D11 starts with step E01 to set the image data save flag "FDS" to logic "1" state. Subsequently to step E01, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step E02 to respond to of time the execution of the image data saving period data storage subroutine program Dll and may revert to the keyword input control subroutine program B02 hereinbefore described with period The E02 system. having executed the step image data saving the operator of reference to Figs. 8A and 8B. the data representing the the processing unit 60 ρχ designated

Figs. 12A and 12B are flowcharts showing details of the subroutine program B02 keyword 8B. to prompt and Further shown in Fig. 13 is a frame of image which is D09 8A image displayed on the screen of the CRT display unit 22 hereinpefore described with reference to Figs. program the enter data for defining subroutine included in the keyword input control defining image keyword area the operator to

area designated.

60a The the on the screen of the CRT display unit 22 a frame of step F02 to image represented by the image data fetched from the display image data read from the document in use has been transferred F03 in lowed by step F03 at which the x-axis and y-axis coordinate is followed by step F04 at which the measurements IKXL the image data memory block 74. The step F02 is folcoordinate an image keyword area are set each at a predeterthe measurements from the starting coordinate point of the image keyword are set at predeter-The image keyword area defining subroutine program starts with step F01 to withdraw from the screen of the to which display unit 22 the image frame indicated in Fig. 11. IXXS and IXYS indicative of the starting The central processing unit 60 then proceeds to 72 mined initial values $\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{X}}$ and $\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{Y}}$, respectively. storage memory of the display block for example, "0". of, and IKYL indicative of mined initial value point of display from

With the numerical data representing the starting the coordinate values IKXS and IKYS and the measurements IKXL and IKYL thus initialized at steps F03 and F04, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step F05 to display on the screen of the CRT display unit 22 a frame of image containing the image keyword area defined by these numerical data. Thereafter, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step F06 and is responsive to an operator's instruction which may

operator of the Thus, if it is detected at step F07 that an operastarting point of the image keyword, the step F07 is followed step F08 at which either the x-axis coordinate value IXXS the starting coordithe image keyword area currently on display is image keyword area defined by the updated x-axis or y-axis screen of and request movement of updated, viz., either incremented or decremented coordinate value IXXS or IXYS is displayed on the the ģ the y-axis coordinate value IKYS of be entered through the keyboard 54 tor's instruction is entered to CRT display unit 22. nate point of system. the

the x-axis y-axis direction, the initial numerical value of either decremented and the image keyword area defined by the updated measurement of the image ceyword area cuurently on display is either incremented or Illustrated in Fig. 13 screen of the defined through execution of the steps F07 and F08 and steps operator's instdisplay is thus the CRT the image keyword area from the starting point in the measurement IXXL or the measurement IKYL of the measurement IXXL or IXYL is displayed on the it is detected at step F09 that an an example of the frame of image which F10 and displayed on the screen of is entered to increase or decrease as at step F10. display unit 22 F09 and ruction unit 22,

The movement of the starting point of an image keyword area or the alteration of the x-axis and y-axis measurements

may be effected through concurrent manipulation of a "move" request key or a "change length" request key and any of the cursor keys similar to those provided in an ordinary keyboard of, for example, a personal computer.

that an operator's through the keyboard 54 to put an end example, an "end" key depressed on the keyboard 54, the processing unit 60 proceeds to step F12 to restore unit 22. The central processing unit 60 then terminates the area defining subroutine the image frame of Fig. 11 on the screen of the CRT display when it is found at step F11 that an operator's instruction control subroutine program B02 hereinbefore described with reference Subsequently to step F08 or step F10 or to put an end to the image keyword area defining operation is may repeat any of the loops formed by the steps F09 it is finally determined at step F12 that the image keyword area defining operation with, returns to the keyword input defining of the image keyword area is complete. unit 60 When it is then detected at step F11 central processing keyword ţ D09 and may revert image instruction is entered to Figs. 8A and 8B. the the o Į F11 until not entered, execution central program and F05 ç ç

Fig. 14 shows the details of the image data write control subroutine program B03 also included in the image data storage routine program A03 hereinbefore described with reference to Fig. 5.

The image data write control subroutine program B03

has been transferred to coded and processing step G02 to calculate the address at The starting address to be thus assigned to the image data to the which the image data is to be stored into the optical disk. address data which was last stored into which the 7. central ţ 76 and starts with step G01 at which the image data 74 is immediately subsequent Subsequently, the memory block data compression/extension block the image data assigned to the image proceeds to compressed therein. ţs be registered optical disk. stored in 9

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The step G02 is followed by step G03 at which the image pieces of the to and stored into the optical disk through the optical disk intercentral processing unit 60 then proceeds to step GO4 at which the final address assigned to the image data thus stored into the optical disk extracted for storage as control data into the hard disk. face circuit 68 successively in a sequence starting with data compression/extension block 76 is transferred the data which has been coded and compressed by The calculated at step G02. the address

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Fig. 15 shows the details of the keyword/control data write control subroutine program B04 further included in the image data storage routine program A03 hereinbefore described with reference to Fig. 5.

The keyword/control data write control subroutine program B04 starts with step H01 to check if the image keyword registration flag "FKWR" is set to logic "1" state.

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saved The image keyword registration flag "FKWR" of logic "1" state 9 calculate the starting address at high-density resolution mode is currently selected providing The central processing unit the image data is to be stored into the optical disk. Subsequently, it is detected at step H03 whether or not the contained in an image area corresponding to the the coordinate values IXXS and IXYS and measurements IXXL and IXYL at steps F08 and F10 of the image keyword area defining subroutine program D09 (Figs. 12A and If, in this instance, it is found at step HO3 that the and the memory affirmative, the step HO3 is followed by step HO4 at which optical disk interface circuit 68 with the dots forming each the the image data is transferred to the optical disk through the central processing unit into given in corresponding to image selected for the step HO3 is given in the negative, is followed by step HO5 at which the image þ optical disk the image data stored in the image data the other this step ဍ to load the ı. 15 period of time for which in use currently o for H05 H03 selected magnification/reduction ratio. or step a ratio for the step document currently answer is affirmative, the the printing density of 400 dpi. the H04 resolution mode unit image area decimated in ΙĘ to step proceeds to step H02 to accordingly the answer designated. generated from the indicates that the proceeds area defined by the 74 and the answer H03 high-density þe ij the step 60 then should which 12B). block given 냊

unit image stored into the optical disk is to the CRT through noted, on each been disk the document has forming the optical As dots 99. image area of optical disk interface circuit thus decimating the it is transferred to to be image the whole display unit 22. the of purpose area of display is as

 $\left(\begin{array}{c} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{array}\right)^{i}$

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It may be further added that the image data contained in as image keyword data into optical disk in a memory area such as for example a page filing area different from the memory area into which noted that the image keyword data is stored into the optical disk without being compressed in the data compression/extenthat the area in also be on the screen of requiring a relatively small share in the total data storage The image keyword data being thus not compressed when the data is stored into extended be on coordinate values IXXS and IXYS and measurements IXXL the area defined by a relatively small ဌ тау the optical disk, the data need not be decoded and ij Iţ the data be processed in This is because of the fact be stored. which the image keyword is to be displayed capacity available in the optical disk. when the image keyword represented by has image area corresponding to IXYL as above described is stored ordinary image data is to ordinarily can therefore short period of time. the display unit sion block 76. and display the ö

t may be further added that, while the dots forming the

image keyword data to be transferred to the optical disk are selected, the decimation of the dots forming such data may be effected to reduce the density resolution if the ordinary density or any other density is selected for the display of mode resolution decimated only when the high-density the image keyword.

thus been stored into the optical disk. The step HO6 is followed Subsequently to the step HO4 or step HO5, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step H06 to fetch the final by step H07 at which each of the numerical values indicating the count numbers $N_{\mathbf{p}}$ and $N_{\mathbf{D}}$ for printing and displaying is reset to "0". This step HO7 is executed also when it is found at step HO1 that the image keyword registration flag "FKWR" is set to logic "I" state and as such the answer for address assigned to the image keyword data which has the step HOl is given in the negative.

processing calculate the starting address at which the control data associated with the image data which has been stored into the optical disk as has been described with reference to Fig. 14 is to be stored into the may hard disk. The step HOB is followed by step HO9 at which the by way of the hard disk interface circuit 66, whereupon the central processing unit 60 puts an end to execution of the keyword/ control data write control subroutine program B04 and control data is now transferred to the hard disk Having executed the step H07, the central ţ proceeds to step H08 9

revert to the image data storage routine program A03 hereinbefore described with reference to Fig.

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The control data stored into the hard disk as at step HO9 is formulated in the form of table data and include

 image keyword registration flag (FKWR), x-axis measurement of image keyword, image keyword start track, image keyword end track,

y-axis measurement of image keyword,

(2) image area start track, image area end track,

dot density,

x-axis measurement of image area, Y-axis measurement of image area, manner of data compression,

Period of time for saving image data, count number for displaying (N_{D}) , count number for printing $(N_{f p})$, (3) image data save flag (FDS), date of data reservation,

keyword "1",

keyword "2",

keyword "3",

keyword "4",

keyword "5".

data search Figs. 16A and 16B show the details of 33

subroutine program A04 also included in the main routine program hereinbefore described with reference to Fig. 3. Shown in Fig. 17A is a menu of selectable items which are to be displayed on the screen of the CRT display unit 22 of the system at the start of the data search subroutine program A04. Fig. 17B further shows a frame of image which may be on display during execution of the data search subroutine program A04.

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The data search subroutine program A04 starts with step IO1 at which the central processing unit 60 is responsive to unit main keyword which may be entered through the keyboard 54 put an entered through the keyboard 54, the central processing unit 60 terminates execution of the data search subroutine program an instruction A04 and may revert to the main routine program hereinbefore į; central processing is an a document. If through the keyboard 54 to check if there found at this step IO2 that there is such The the operation to search for 60 then proceeds to step IO2 to by the operator of the system. described with reference to Fig. tor's instruction entered ţ

document, the to search Ħ not the target at this step IO4 control data table stored in the hard disk for document to which the main keyword entered is assigned. found at step IO2 that there currently to step I03 document is discovered. If it is determined at step IO4 whether or for search central processing unit 60 proceeds terminate the is then detected instruction to is ij. into the ΙĘ

that the target document is not found and accordingly the answer for the step 104 is given in the negative, the central processing unit 60 reverts to step 101 and may repeat the loop of the steps 101 to 104.

represented by the main keyword entered is discovered, then the central processing unit 60 proceeds to a document list main keywords for the documents including the target document the document operator of the documents listed on the screen of the display unit 22 and target document from among enter an instruction to select the particular document. The 유 entered through central processing unit 60 is thus responsive to this instno such through the keyboard 54, the central repeat ruction as at step IO6 and thereupon proceeds to step IO7 display subroutine program IO5 to display the list of search may If it is found at this step IO7 that there is and The thereafter determined that document processing unit 60 also reverts to step I01 check if there is an operator's instruction the screen of the CRT display unit 22. the the system will then select the ţ the loop of the steps IO1 to IO4. put an end entered Ç it is the keyboard 54 instruction

When it is found at step IO7 that there is an instruction to put an end to the document search operation entered through the keyboard 54, then the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step IO8 to read from the optical disk the image data associated with the control data for the document

The image data thus fetched from the image data image represented by the data is displayed on the screen of the CRT display unit 22. Shown in Fig. 17B is an example of CRI optical disk is transmitted through the optical disk interthe data compression/extension block on the 74 The decoded to the image data memory block thus be displayed and is thereby decoded and extended. may a frame of image which selected at step I06. ţ face circuit 68 display unit 22. transferred

After the image of the document under consideration is image the stored as part of control data into the hard disk through the processing unit 60 is responsive to this instruction as at central quently, the image data stored in the image data memory block 74 is transmitted through the printer interface circuit 80 to step I12 and at step I13 updates the count number N $_{
m p}$ for Subseprocessing unit 60 proceeds to step IlO to update currently on display and the updated count number $^{
m N}_{
m D}$ it is desired by of effect will manner, $^{
m N}_{
m D}$ for displaying to the frame of the printer 44 of the system and the image represented operator of the system to produce a printed version The printing to the frame of the image to be printed. in this 54 at step Ill. to such an 22 ΙĘ displayed on the CRT display unit on display, an instruction disk interface circuit 66. the keyboard data is printed at step I14. through count number entered image

Fig. 18 shows the details of the document list display subroutine program 105 included in the data search subroutine program A04 hereinbefore described with reference to Figs. 16A and 16B. Shown in Fig. 19 is a frame of image indicating the main keywords and auxiliary or image keywords associated with the documents listed on the screen of the CRT display unit 22 of the system during execution of the document list display subroutine program 105.

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the The document list display subroutine program IO5 starts with step J01 to calculate addresses at which the list of the keywords for the documents including the target document is The central processing unit 60 then proceeds to step J02 to documents including the target document has been displayed on be displayed on the screen of the CRT display unit 22. step J02 is terminates execution of this document list display subroutine program IO5 and may revert to the data search subroutine the affirmative, the central processing unit program A04 described with reference to Figs. 16A and 16B. check if the complete list of the main keywords for the the answer for ΙĘ display unit 22. ij CRT

uhich is not yet been listed on the display unit 22, the answer for the step J02 is given in the negative, the step J02 is given in the negative, the step J02 is followed by step J03 at which is detected whether or not there is a free area available on the screen of the CRT display unit 22. If it is determined that there is no free

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area left on the screen of the display unit 22 and accordingly the answer for the step J03 is given in the negative, the central processing unit 60 also terminates execution of this document list display subroutine program I05 and may revert to the data search subroutine program A04.

found at step JO3 that there remains a free area available on the screen of the CRT display unit 22 and affirmative, the step JO3 is followed by step JO4 at which this the main keyword or keywords representative of the additional document or documents are listed on the CRT display unit 22. central processing unit 60 image If the answer for this step JOS is given in the negative, the is set to logic "1" state. accordingly the answer for the step J03 is given in central processing unit 60 reverts to step J02 to repeat of the terminate execution not step J05 to detect whether or keyword registration flag "FKWR" to step J04, the to J05 or loop of the steps J02 subroutine program IO5. ij ţ Subsequently ίt proceeds

On the other hand, if it is determined at step J05 that the image keyword registration flag "FKWR" is set to logic "l" state and as such the answer for the step J05 is given in the affirmative, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step J06 to read from the optical disk the image keyword data included in the control data for the target document. The image keyword data thus fetched from the optical disk is transferred by way of the optical disk interface circuit 68

display memory Shown in Fig. 19 is a frame of image indicating the main keywords and auxiliary or image keywords associated with documents "I" to "6" thus listed on the screen of the CRT the CRI βŽ the represented the screen of display unit 22 of the system at step J06. the display data storage memory of the keyword displayed on image the data is and 72 keyword

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In preparation for the display of another set of documents on the CRT display unit 22, the step J06 is followed by step J07 to calculate new addresses at which the list of the keywords for the additional documents is to be displayed on the screen of the CRT display unit 22. The central processing unit 60 then reverts to step J02 to repeat the loop of the steps J02 to J05 or steps J02 to J07 or terminate execution of this subroutine program I05 to revert to the data search subroutine program A04 described with reference to Figs. 16A and 16B.

Fig. 20 shows the details of the utility subroutine program A05 further included in the main routine program hereinbefore described with reference to Fig. 3.

The utility subroutine program A05 herein shown starts with step K01 at which the central processing unit 60 is responsive to an instruction which may be entered through the keyboard 54 by the operator of the system. The instruction which the central processing unit 60 may thus receive from the keyboard 54 in this instance may be for the execution of

file a batch renewal hereinafter described with reference to Figs. 21A and 21B and renewal subroutine program KO2 and batch renewal KO3 will be K04 these program Details of subroutine a file renewal subroutine program K02, process. executing any other utility o H K03 Fig. 23, respectively. subroutine program

Figs. 21A and 21B show the details of the file renewal subroutine program K02 included in the utility subroutine program A05 above described with reference to Fig. 20. Illustrated in Fig. 22 is a menu of selectable items which are to be displayed on the CRT display unit 22 of the system at the start of the file renewal subroutine program K02.

The file renewal subroutine program KO2 starts with step L01 at which the control data associated with the image data of a document stored in the hard disk is fetched through the The central processing unit then proceeds to step LO2 to check if there is no document answer for this step LO2 is given in the negative, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step L03 to display the main keyword or keywords of the document having the The central whether or not the image data save flag "FDS" is set to logic this file renewal subroutine program K02. "l" state for the document. If the answer for this this step to detect given in the affirmative in respect of the document, processing unit 60 thereafter proceeds to step L04 control data thus fetched from the hard disk. hard disk interface circuit 66. be handled by LO4 is ង

the central processing unit 60 further checks at step LO5 if the period of time for which the document currently retrieved was determined to be saved has lapsed or not. If the answer for this step LO5 is also given in the affirmative, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step LO6 at which the period of time for which the particular document was determined to be saved and the message showing that such a period of time has already lapsed are indicated on the screen of the CRT display unit 22.

the document and thus the answer for the step LO4 is given in If, on the other hand, it is found at step LO4 that the image data save flag "FDS" is not set to logic "1" state for the negative, the central processing unit 60 checks at step followed by the step LO6 and the period of time for which the document was determined to be saved and the message showing that the period of time has already lapsed are indicated on CRT display unit 22. If the answer for the step L07 is since is given in the negative, the step LO6 is skipped over and for 107 answer LO7 if a predetermined period of time has lapsed given in the affirmative, the step If the particular document was registered. step LO7 is followed by step LO8. . 13 step L07

The step LO8 is executed either subsequently to the step LO6 or if the answer for the step LO5 or step LO7 is given in the negative, wherein it is determined whether or not the currently valid count numbers $N_{\rm p}$ and $N_{\rm D}$ for printing and

displaying are reasonable ones. Such a decision may be made by examining if the count number $N_{\rm D}$ for displaying is larger than the count number $N_{\rm p}$ for printing times two, viz.,

$$N_D > N_P * 2$$
.

 (\cdot)

When the count number N_{D} is found to be larger than the count number N_p times two in respect of the document retrieved and it is considered that the number of times the document has mean that the particular document is quite unlikely to if the count for displaying is larger than the count number $N_{\mbox{\scriptsize p}}$ currently indicated on the screen of the CRT display unit 22, smaller than the number of This in turn be the target document which the operator desires to refer-If it is currently valid count for printing and displaying are reasonable the keyword which was used for the retrieval of the target document is deemed inappropriate and a message to such an effect is indicated on the screen of the CRT display unit 109 by step printing times two in respect of the document. 108 the document is called to the display. is followed Thus, it may be checked at step determined at this step LO8 that the printed out is significantly document, the step L08 numbers $N_{\rm p}$ and $N_{\rm D}$ number N_D for the which been 22. Subsequently to step L09 or if it is found at step L08 that the count numbers $N_{\rm p}$ and $N_{\rm D}$ for printing and displaying are reasonable for the document, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step L10 so as to be responsive to any

instruction which may be entered through the keyboard 54 by the operator of the system. This step L10 is also executed when it is found at step L02 that there is no document to be handled by this file renewal subroutine program K02.

is thus checked at step Ill if there is an instrucprogram If the answer for this step L11 is given in the affir-60 terminates execution of this file renewal subroutine program K02 and may revert to the utility subroutine program A05 hereinbefore found at step 9 or not there is an answer for this step L12 is given in the affirmative, the central processing unit 60 return to step L01 and may repeat to L12 until the answer for the 112 document. ţ step renewal subroutine end processing the put and described with reference to Fig. 20. If it is negative, the central processing unit for another or the answer detect whether central ţ instruction requiring the renewal of there is no instruction to the file the step L11 turns affirmative the loop of the steps L01 K02, step L12 to end subroutine program put an turns negative. ဌ Lll that ţ proceeds mative

When it is found at step L12 that there is no additional document to be renewed and accordingly the answer for the step L12 is given in the negative, the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step L13 to check if there is an

affirmative, the perform a the particular noted that the used in the system under consideration is the image data for the document having the control data thus disk ij to be of the read-only memory type and, accordingly, control data available instruction requiring deletion of the document retrieved. deleted from the hard disk is maintained in the optical to step I14 to for the þe given in delete the control data may It proceeds 6 from the hard disk. the answer for this step L13 is association with the image data. not accessible with central processing unit 60 disk ţ procedure assumed but

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other hand, if there is no instruction requiring deletion of the document under consideration, it is checked at step L15 whether or not there is an instruction requiring the it is change of the keyword for the document and thus the answer is given in the negative, the central processing unit 60 reverts to step L10 and may repeat the to perform at step L15 that there is no instruction requiring affirmative, procedure to change the keyword for the document. If the a change of the keyword for the document retrieved. until 116 the loop of the steps subsequent to the step L10 central processing unit 60 proceeds to step answer for this step L15 is given in for the step Lll turns affirmative. for the step L15 the found

routine program KO3 also included in the utility subroutine shows the details of the batch renewal sub-23

program A05 hereinbefore described with reference to Fig. 20.

49

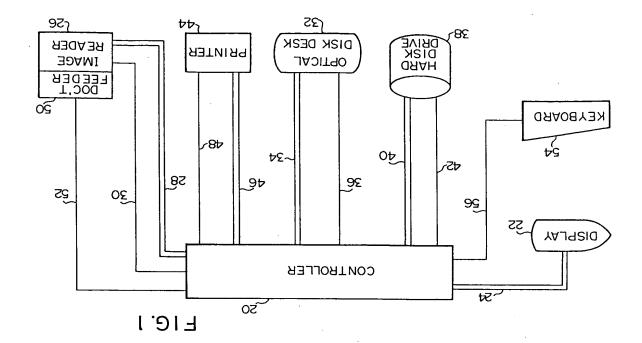
image starts with fetched central subroutine program KO3. If the answer for this step MO2 is central processing unit 60 terminates execution of this batch renewal subroutine program and may revert to the utility subroutine program A05 renewal the central processing unit 60 proceeds to step M03 to detect whether or not the image data save flag "FDS" is set to logic "1" state for the document. If the answer for this this step M03 is MO4 if the answer for this step MO4 is also given in the affirmative, the central document perform a procefound at step MO2 that there is no document to be handled If it period of time for which the document currently retrieved the the document, The be handled by this batch are at which the control data associated with ţ to delete the control data for the particular hereinbefore described with reference to Fig. 20. at step the batch renewal subroutine program K03 disk step M02 .99 batch renewal subroutine program K03, ΙĘ the hard processing unit 60 proceeds to step M05 to circuit not. given in the affirmative in respect of central processing unit 60 further checks ţ be saved has lapsed or proceeds the hard disk interface in the affirmative, the document stored in document to unit 60 then from the hard disk. 8 determined to processing M01 .H of through given data

the the other hand, if it is found at step MO3 that ü

the document and thus the answer for the step MO3 is given in folis not set to logic "1" state for the negative, the central processing unit 60 checks at step answer for the step M06 is given in the negative, the step M06 is skipped over and the central processing unit 60 revert to step M01 and may repeat the loop of the steps turns M06 if a predetermined period of time has lapsed since to perform the delete procedure. the affirmative, the step M06 is answer for M02 step the the ΙĘ for particular document was registered. answer image data save flag "FDS" the M05 in to MO6 until given the step M06 is affirmative. ρχ

While the deletion of a document is effected with the control data for the document deleted from the hard disk, any appropriate means may be provided to determine whether a document should be deleted or to automatically delete a document on confirmation that the document has been saved for a predetermined period of time.

It may be further noted that, while the image keyword data is stored into the optical disk without being coded and compressed before the data is loaded into the disk, image keyword data used in a system according to the present invention may be coded and compressed by means of the data compression/extension block 76 before the data is loaded into the optical disk.



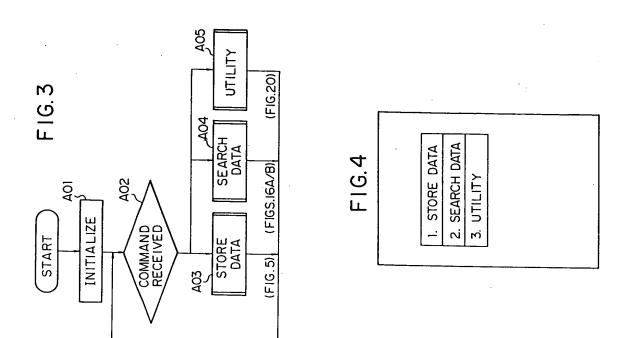


IMAGE DATA MEMORY

RAM

24

CPN/EXT

라.

% % 8 00 1

SYSTEM BUS

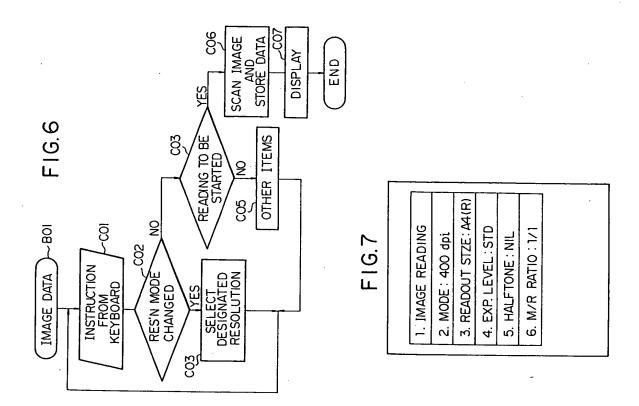
8X 17F

DISPLAY

ROM

F16. 2

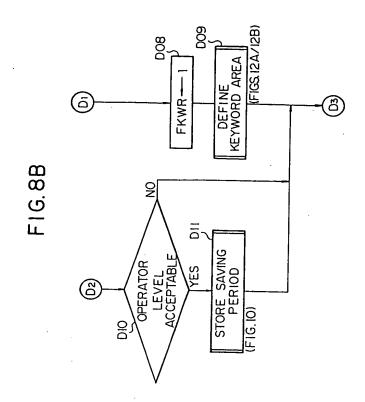
CPU

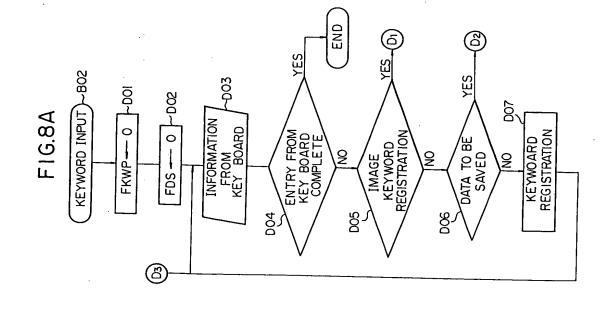


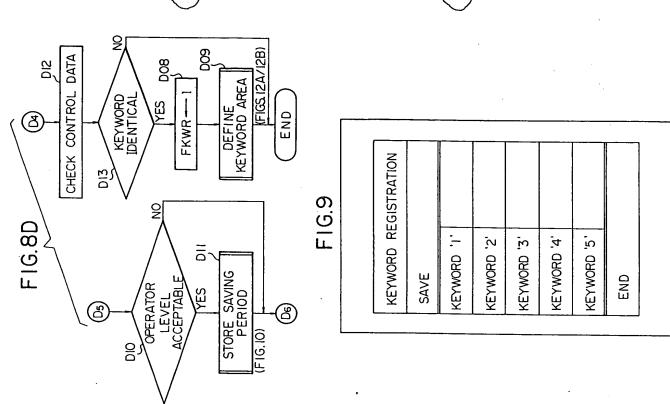
2. P

~B04 ~B02 ~B03 KEWORD / CONTROL DATA WRITE CONTROL IMAGE DATA INPUT CONTROL (FIG.14) (FIG.6) IMAGE DATA WRITE CONTROL KEYWORD INPUT (FIG.8) (FIG.15) ADDITIONAL DOCUMENT DATA STORAGE F16.5 END

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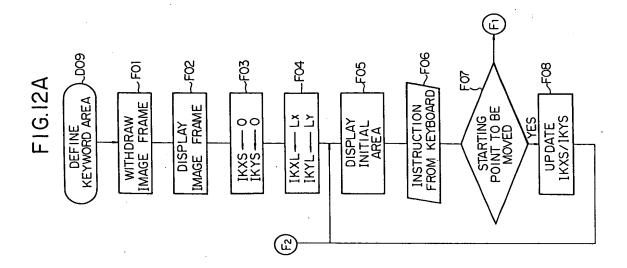


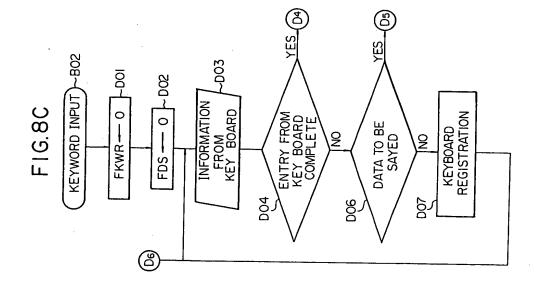


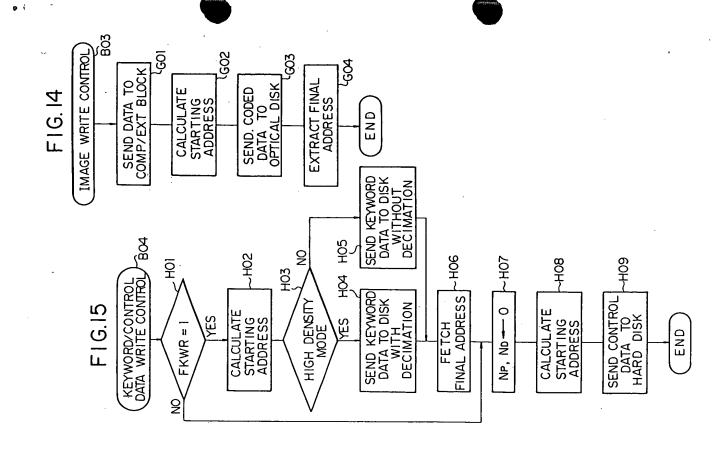
DATA TO BE SAVED FOR 2 YRS 8 0 MTHS ~E02 EOJ KEYWORD RESERVATION RECEIVE SAVING PERIOD DATA F1G.10 STORE SAVING PERIOD FDS — 1 F16.11 END KEYWORD '2' įΩ KEYWORD 'I' KEYWORD '3' KEYWORD '4' KEYWORD END

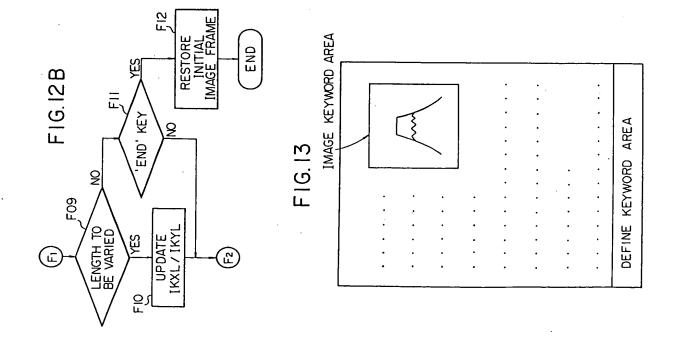
()

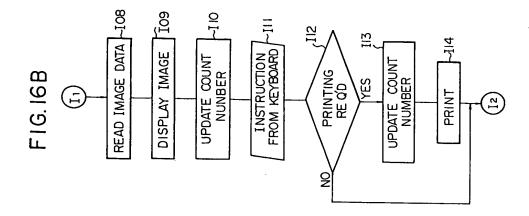
(3)



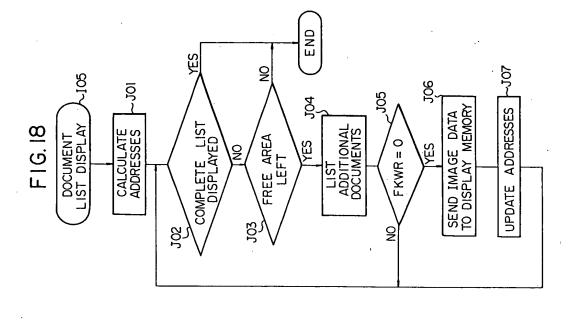








END L103 F16.16A 5 ~I06 <u>1</u>04 102 SEARCH DATA SEARCH INTO CONTROL DATA TABLE DOCUMENT LIST DISPLAY KEYWORD ENTERED SEARCH COMPLETE DOCUMENT FOUND SELECT TARGET DOCUMENT SEARCH COMPLETE YES 2



KEYWORD '3'
KEYWORD '4'
KEYWORD '5'
RETRIEVE
END
END

KEYWORD 'I'

F1G.17A

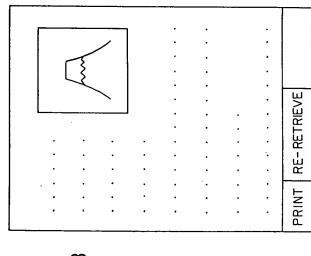
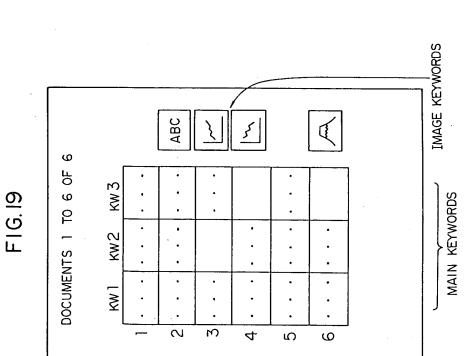
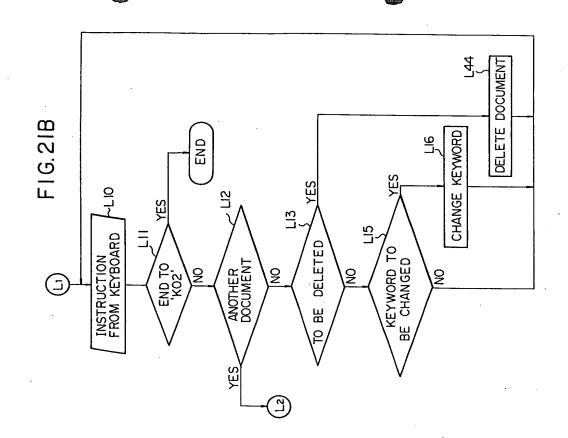
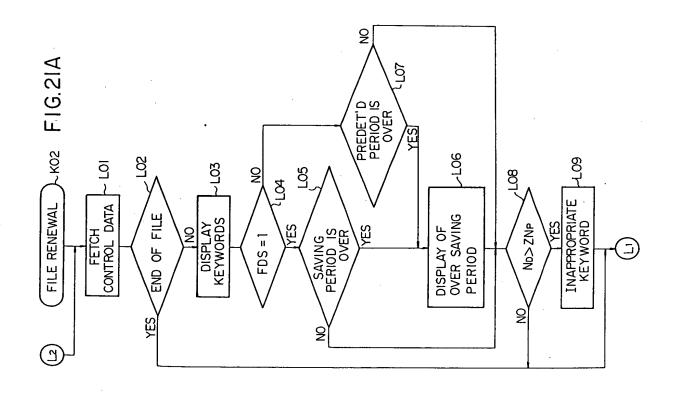


FIG. 17B







F1G.23 PREDET'D PERIOD IS OVER END FETCH CONTROL DATA - MOI BATCH RENEWAL KO3 Α 4 ~M05 M02 8 M03 SAVING PERIOD IS OVER END OF FILE FDS = 1 YES 2 YES DELETE

F16.22

YEYWORD '-' DROW		•
- 1		
KEYWORD '2' · · ·		
KEYWORD '3' · · ·	•	
KEYWORD '4'		
KEYWORD '5' · · ·		
DISPLAYED: XX TIMES		
PRINTED: XX TIMES		
KEYWORD INAPPROPRIATE	ш	
SAVING PERIOD IS OVER	A	
DELETE CHANGE DOCUMENT	- END	Т
		1